

## TERMS OF THE NEWS.

THE DAILY NEWS, by mail one year, \$8; six months, \$5; three months, \$3.50. Served in the city at EIGHTY CENTS a week, payable to the carrier, or \$3 a year, paid in advance at the office.

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS, published on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, one year, \$4; six months, \$2.50; three months, \$1.50.

THE WEEKLY NEWS, one year, \$2; six months, \$1.25; three months, \$0.75. Ten copies to one address \$12.

SUBSCRIPTIONS IN ALL CASES PAYABLE IN ADVANCE, and no paper continued after the expiration of the time paid for.

ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE DAILY NEWS—First insertion 15 cents a line, subsequent insertions 10 cents a line. Business Notices (by count) 30 cents a line. Marriage and Funeral Notices \$1 each.

ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE WEEKLY NEWS, per line of solid nonpareil, 1 insertion, 15 cents; 1 month, 50 cents; 3 months, \$1.50; 6 months, \$2.50; 12 months, \$4.00.

NOTICES OF WANTS, TO RENT, LOST AND FOUND, Boarding, &c., not exceeding 20 words, 25 cents each insertion; over 20, and not exceeding 40 words, 50 cents each insertion. Meetings 75 cents each. These rates are NET, and must invariably be paid in advance.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS will be published in THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS at the same rates as in THE DAILY NEWS. Contract advertisements at one-half the rates for THE DAILY NEWS.

CONTRACT ADVERTISEMENTS, to run one month or longer, for each line of solid nonpareil: 1 month, \$1; 2 months, \$1.75; 3 months, \$2.50; 6 months, \$4; 12 months, \$7.

REMITTANCES should be made by Postoffice Money Order, or by Express. If this cannot be done, protection against losses by mail may be secured by forwarding a draft on Charleston payable to the order of the proprietors of THE NEWS, or by sending the money in a registered letter.

Address: **RIORDAN, DAWSON & CO.**  
No. 39 Broad Street, Charleston, S. C.

## The Charleston News.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2, 1913.

THE CHARLESTON DAILY NEWS "is designed as the newspaper for the publication of all legal notices, and official advertisements, for the County of Charleston, under the act of February 23d, 1870, entitled an act to regulate the publication of all legal and public notices."

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

A professional visit of Madame Ristori to this country is announced.

France and England are both substituting steel for bronze in the manufacture of field guns.

President Thiers compares the political condition of France to that of an invalid, whom it would be imprudent to move.

Mrs. Emmeline Reed, formerly of Brooklyn, being interpreted into Italian, signifies Signora Beatrice Amore, who has made a successful debut at Malta.

The city council of Atlanta, Ga., has passed an ordinance exempting cotton, woolen and iron factories from taxation for fifteen years.

W. F. Clyde & Co., of New York and Philadelphia, have organized a new line to Havana. The company have taken the steamships Moro Castle and Crescent City.

Dr. S. Austin Alliborne's library is advertised for sale by a New York firm of auctioneers. The collection contains many valuable bibliographical works of the highest value to librarians and book collectors.

The young Prince Louis Napoleon will not go to the Exhibition of Vienna. He was invited to the ceremony of inauguration by an autograph letter of the Emperor Francis Joseph, but the Prince refused on account of the recent death of his father.

Professor Agassiz is in luck. In addition to the gift of Pennessee Island and \$50,000 for his school of natural history, by Mr. Anderson, the Massachusetts Senate has also voted to appropriate \$50,000 for the benefit of the Museum of Comparative Zoology at Cambridge.

An announcement that negotiations are in progress for the disposing of it has revealed the fact that the drapers of London have for some years been indulging in the luxury of a garden within a stone's throw of the Bank of England, at a cost of at least \$12,000 per annum.

Inasmuch as the New York Senate is about evenly divided on the question of giving the whole appointing power to the mayor, and neither party disposed to recede, the opinion now prevails at Albany that there will be no new charter for New York passed this session.

J. B. Walters, associate editor of the Norfolk Journal, and James B. Hope, editor of the Norfolk Virginian, have been arrested in that city under the duelling act, and bound over to keep the peace in the sum of five thousand dollars each. It is alleged that Mr. Walters had challenged Mr. Hope for offensive language used towards him in the Virginian.

The Empress Eugenie pays frequent visits to her husband's tomb, at Chislehurst, and is regular in her attendance at the services of the church; but, with these exceptions, her Majesty seldom goes outside the grounds. Her Majesty has only once walked out since the death of the Emperor, and twice taken carriage exercise. Her health, however, has very much improved within the last few weeks.

The University of London has opened its degrees in science, law and medicine to students who have not studied Greek. This is not uncommon in the universities of Germany, France and Italy; but England has never before conceded the point. It will probably be many years before Oxford and Cambridge will follow the example of the London University.

The Philadelphia Press has information from Harrisburg to the effect that a combination is to be formed next fall by regular Republicans, Democrats and Liberals, and all other friends of purity at elections, to secure an honest election in 1874. It is suggested that at the proper time a People's State Convention shall be called, solely on the issue of State and municipal regeneration, to nominate State candidates and organize the State for the election of a reform Legislature.

The Illinois Legislature has recently passed a law punishing by a fine of five hundred dollars any person who shall, by threat, intimidation or unlawful interference, seek to prevent any other person from obtaining work on any term or she shall seek it. Combinations of two or more persons to deprive the owners of property of its lawful use or management are forbidden, and any persons who, by threats, suggestions of danger, or any unlawful means, shall prevent any person or persons from being employed by such owner, on such terms as the parties concerned may agree upon, are made subject to a penalty of five hundred dollars fine and an imprisonment of six months. A like penalty is imposed upon persons interfering with the operations of coal mining.

A remarkable wedding recently took place in Baltimore, Md. The bridegroom was Jesse W. Upson, whose name has figured somewhat prominently before the public during the past winter. Nearly a year ago he was arrested on suspicion of having caused

the death of his aunt by shooting her. Circumstantial evidence, it was said, pointed him out distinctly as the murderer, and the suspicions which were at first entertained regarding his guilt gradually became strengthened into belief as evidence was accumulated. The prisoner was indicted for murder and put upon trial for his life. The evidence brought out was almost entirely of a circumstantial character, and after a trial of unprecedented length the case was given to the jury, the prevailing belief being that he would be found guilty. The jury consulted together for a long time, but were unable to agree upon a verdict, and were finally discharged. In February, another trial was had, lasting a still greater length of time, and finally resulting in the prisoner's acquittal. All during the two long trials, a young lady possessed of unusual attractions, and occupying a high social position in Baltimore, was observed watching the proceedings day by day, and when the prisoner was acquitted, she sailed away in the court-room. A few days since, the lady became Mrs. Upson, and, beside the relatives of the bride and bridegroom at the wedding ceremonies, there were present the judge who had presided at the court, and the counsel both for the defence and the prosecution.

## The Consumption of Fertilizers.

The following table shows the quantity of fertilizers, in tons, shipped over the South Carolina Railroad, from Charleston, during the past four seasons:

	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.
January.....	7,027	3,016	7,234	8,832
February.....	10,351	4,809	8,354	10,295
March.....	12,425	5,763	9,225	13,719

Total.....29,803 14,588 25,513 32,846

Add shipments in November and December of previous years, 845 1,636 778 4,139

Grand total, tons, 30,648 15,224 26,291 36,985

The shipments in November and December, of 1873, are added to the shipments of 1870; those of November and December, 1870, to the shipments of 1871, and so on, inasmuch as these belong to the business season in which they are included.

During the season of 1870-'71, a large quantity of fertilizers was shipped in excess of the consumption, and remained in depot to meet, in part, the demand of the following year. This had its influence in diminishing the shipments of 1871-'72, which showed a falling off of nearly fifty per cent.

The next year there was an increase of some seventy-five per cent., and the present season shows an increase of twenty per cent. upon the shipments of 1869-'70, in which year the shipments were far in excess of anything that had before been heard of, or dreamed of. Nor is this the only startling feature of the present season.

The supply of fertilizers is not nearly equal to the demand. Factories are running night and day. Railroad lines and depots are blocked, and can take no more. Yet the orders pour in, and the farmers frantically cry for Fertilizers.

There is no doubt, in our mind, that the actual consumption of fertilizers this year is at least twenty-five per cent. in excess of the consumption of 1870. The probable effect of this upon the cotton crop of 1873-'74, with favorable seasons, each planter or factor must estimate for himself.

## An Ill Wind.

There is one very practical view which may be taken of the decision of the United States Supreme Court confirming the judgment of the State Supreme Court, that the bills of the Bank of the State of South Carolina are not receivable in payment of taxes. The general belief was that the Federal Court would reverse the decision of the State Court, and this opinion was shared by the State officials themselves. But the uncertainty of the law receives another illustration, and the good folk who expected to make small fortunes by selling at eighty or ninety what bills they bought at twenty or thirty, and themselves in possession of bundles of soiled paper which seem to have now no other element of value than their possible sharing in the assets of the bank, when prior claims are satisfied and the assets are distributed.

The decision of the Supreme Court is, of course, final, and to the people, at large, the decision is a relief from as much taxation, or increased debt, as would have covered the amount of bills in existence. They would have turned up in every nook and corner; no safe would have been without its bundle. The Columbia Herald estimates that at least two million dollars of the bills are outstanding. As soon as these were declared to be receivable for taxes they would have poured into the treasury; those who bought the bills at a discount would have saved that discount in paying their tax. To the few who hold the bills, or could buy them, this would have been a great gain. The general public would have been the losers. Bank of the State bills will not carry on the government and defray its expenses, and every dollar of bills paid into the treasury would have had to be met, in a lump or by instalments, by a corresponding increase in the rate of taxation. Think of it! To fill next year the hole caused by the substitution of bank bills for greenbacks, an additional tax of about one and one-fifth per cent. would have been necessary. This would have brought up the total tax to two and three-quarters or three per cent. A provision for receiving the bills by instalments would only postpone the evil day. Every dollar in bank bills which went into the treasury must have been met by an added dollar of tax or public debt.

It is an ill wind that blows nobody good. The dabblers in bills of the Bank have heavily, no doubt, but the people escape the payment of two million dollars or more.

## The Property of Married Women.

The Legislature of Kentucky has passed a law providing that a woman shall not be held responsible for debts contracted by her husband. This is an evidence of the steady liberalization of opinion on the woman question. Some years ago the Republican Legislature of South Carolina secured absolute protection to the property of married women. It is gratifying to see a Democratic body adopting, even incompletely, the same wise measure. And it is to be hoped that other governments will follow the good example.

It is in England that women have been most exposed to oppression. There the law gave the husband unlimited control over his wife's property or earnings. The lower classes suffered more severely from

this, as they were not likely to meet with that forbearance which "upper-tenth" could hope to receive. But even in England protection is now afforded to property acquired after the wife has been deserted by her husband. A law has further been suggested of a "limited liability" partnership in marriage, which approaches the American idea of justice.

A true wife would gladly give, all she owns to save her husband from the consequences of misfortune, or of an error repented of too late. It is simply her duty to make any sacrifice for that purpose. But where the generosity of a woman only leads her to the flames, it becomes a higher duty to refuse the means of reckless waste, in order to save her husband when he can no longer help himself. She who thus denies him the opportunity of inflicting hopeless poverty on herself or her children is more noble than the wife who weakly yields, and afterwards deplors her loss.

The late concessions on the part of lawmakers, recognizing the necessity of protecting the interests of the weaker sex, prove that the true doctrine of Woman's Rights—the right of doing as she will with her own—is obtaining favor among men. It is certain that women have the power in their own hands, and if they desire a wider field they have only to prove themselves capable of filling worthily that to which they are now confined.

## Short Weight.

In reply to a correspondent on Edisto Island, we beg leave to say that there is no public weigher of fertilizers in Charleston. Where fertilizers fall short of the weight charged the consignee, the best course, we presume, is to make application at once to the railroad company, or steamship company, who carried the fertilizer. Their receipt shows the number of full tons received, and for the delivery of which they are responsible. The obtaining of an exact and specific receipt will often save purchasers much trouble.

## The Rights of Strikers.

We lately called attention to the threat of the leaders of the proposed labor revolt that they would compel every workman to join with them, whether he thought the strike wise or foolish. Such agitators under Liberty to be the right of A to force B to do whatever A thinks is good for B. They have no comprehension of the broad principle that, so far as his actions affect only his personal interests, every individual has the right to do what he pleases. This is well put in the recent decision of a Massachusetts Judge who has committed for trial a horse-shoer who, being on a strike, threatened and assaulted a laborer who refused to join the strike. In the course of his decision the judge quoted the following passage from the records of the Supreme Court:

"Freedom is the policy of this country, but freedom does not imply a right in one person, either alone or in combination with others, to disturb or annoy another, either directly or indirectly, in his lawful business or occupation, or to threaten him with annoyance or injury for the sake of compelling him to buy his peace, or, in the language of the statute, 'with intent to extort money or any pecuniary advantage whatever, or to compel him to do any act against his will.' The acts alleged and proved in this case are peculiarly offensive to the free principles which prevail in this country, and if such practices could enjoy impunity they would tend to establish a tyranny of irresponsible persons over labor and mechanical business which would be extremely injurious to both."

This is good law and sound sense. The tyranny of Labor, in its injurious consequences, is as indefensible as the tyranny of Capital. It is difficult, perhaps, for a poorly educated man to understand that he must not require his fellows to join him in an effort to secure higher wages, when he knows perfectly well that unless there is unity of action the attempt must fail. To him it seems that the man who refuses to strike is responsible for the collapse of the strike. It does not enter into his head, at first, that the man who declines to leave his work is merely exercising the same freedom of action which the striker exercises in leaving his work. The beatings and murders which have taken place in England show how far men will go in endeavoring to overawe their comrades. An act has recently passed in Illinois for the protection of workmen against the violence of over-zealous trade-unionists. And a law substantially like that which obtains in Massachusetts should be placed on the statute book of every State.

## The Anthracite Coal Fields.

It is known that the basins containing the anthracite or hard coal are in Pennsylvania, and confined to a comparatively small territory. During the last fiscal year over seventeen million tons were mined and sent to market, and it is estimated that during the present year more than twenty million tons will be mined and consumed. At this rate of consumption the anthracite coal must be rapidly decreasing, and in the same ratio the value of the coal lands must be increasing. It is estimated that the large tracts of coal lands recently purchased by the several Pennsylvania Railroad Companies will, in a few years, be worth five or ten times as much as they paid for acre for the same. As the anthracite coal lands increase in price, and the coal diminishes in quantity, the greater will be the value of bituminous coal lands of Pennsylvania and the other States where the soft coal is located.

## A New Planet.

The Georgetown Planet, a paper edited by Jas. A. Bowley and R. O. Bush, has made its appearance. The Planet aims to supply "the want of a live Republican newspaper in the 'first Congressional District.' Most of its effluence is manifestly borrowed from that loyal luminary, the Columbia Union.

## To Rent.

TO RENT, THE COMFORTABLE TWO story Frame Residence, No. 149 East Bay, rent, north side, to a non-exceptional tenant the rent will be moderate. Apply to K. A. TAYLOR, No. 15 Westworth street, near East Bay. apr2

TO RENT, THE PHOTOGRAPHIC GAL- lery, corner King and Liberty streets, formerly known as "Schiff's." Also, Back Room of same Building, on Liberty street. Apply at No. 17 Meeting street, one door above George. mch1-lmo

TO RENT, THAT LARGE AND COM- modious building, No. 149 East Bay, recently occupied as the Publication Office of THE NEWS, and formerly known as the French Office House. For terms, &c., apply at the Office of THE NEWS, No. 15 Broad street. sep23

## Special Notices.

**FREE LECTURE.—COLONEL J. J. HICKMAN**, of Louisville, Ky., R. W. Grand Councilor of the R. W. Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars, will deliver a Temperance Lecture before Washington Lodge, No. 1, I. O. G. T., at Temperance Hall, opposite the Academy of Music, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. The public are cordially and earnestly invited to attend. apr2\*

**PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING** Rations and Ship Chandlery for United States Revenue Vessels. apr2

**COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.** Charleston, S. C., April 1st, 1873. Sealed Proposals will be received at this Office, until 12 o'clock noon, of SATURDAY, the 28th day of April next, for supplying Rations and Ship Chandlery for the use of the Crews and Vessels of the United States Revenue Marine Service in this "Collection District for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1874. Schedule of the articles of Ship Chandlery to be bid for will be furnished on application at this Office. The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. apr2

**CONSIGNEES PER MERCHANTS' LINE** Schooner FRANCIS SARTERLY will send to Adger's North Wharf before sunset, or goods will be stored at their risk and expense. No claims allowed after removal. apr2

**CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP** FALCON, from Baltimore, are hereby notified that she is THIS DAY discharging cargo at Pier No. 1, Union Wharves. All goods not taken away at sunset will remain on wharf at Consignees' risk. MORDECAI & CO., Agents. apr2

**CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP** MANHATTAN, from New York, are notified that she will discharge cargo THIS DAY at Adger's South Wharf. Goods unloaded for at sunset will remain on the wharf at owners' risk. JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents. apr2

**PROFESSOR TANNER, WHO HAS** travelled over Europe and in the large cities of this country, CURE STAMMERING, is at the Pavilion Hotel. He warrants a cure in every instance without surgical operation. His stay is short—therefore call at once. apr2-wf3\*

**NO PAY IF NOT SATISFIED!** CORNS are still Removed and Cured by MESSRS. BERGER without inflicting the least pain. No recurrences and no cutting in the operation. Send for Circulars. Apply at No. 381 King street. apr2\*

**THE "DOLLAR REWARD SHOP"** removes Pitch, Tar, Paint, Sweat and Leather Stains, &c., &c. DOWIE, MOISE & DAVIS, Agents, Charleston, S. C. apr2

**NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS HAVING** business with the undersigned are respectfully informed that he has been found at superior Governor's Cigar Store, (The Cuban Free), No. 165, west side of King street, below Clifford. apr2

**CONSIGNEES PER COMMERCIAL** LINE schooner ABBY K. BENTLEY, from New York, are notified that she is THIS DAY discharging cargo at Central Wharf. All goods on the wharf at sunset will be stored at owners' risk and expense. No claims allowed after removal. E. F. SWEGAN, Agent. apr2

**LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES WILL** be made by us on consignments of Cotton to our friends in Liverpool and New York. J. A. ENSLOW & CO., No. 141 East Bay. mch31-mwfs

**PROPOSALS ARE INVITED FOR** furnishing WATER at Fort Sumter and GRAVEL at Fort Moultrie and Moultrie. For particulars apply to Captain H. P. U. S. Engineer Office, No. 43 Broad street. mch31-6\*

**AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY.** COTTON PLANTERS AND GUANO DISTRIBUTORS. THE LOW LAW PLANTER AND GUANO DISTRIBUTOR. Price, without Cover, \$16; with Cover, \$19. WRIGHT'S AUTOMATIC COTTON PLANTER, planting either in drill or at the distance of 12, 15, 18, 21 or 24 inches. Price \$25. BROWN & WARNICK'S COTTON PLANTER AND GUANO DISTRIBUTOR with Cover. Price \$17. A. D. BROWN'S COTTON PLANTER AND GUANO DISTRIBUTOR with Cover. Price \$15. WEST'S GUANO DISTRIBUTOR. Price \$5.50. For sale by J. E. ADGER & CO., No. 61 East Bay, Charleston, S. C. mch28-mwfs

**Official Raffle Numbers.** OF THE CHARLOTTE JOINT STOCK COMPANY for the benefit of the State Orphan Asylum: CLASS No. 481—TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 1. 64-40-63-65-67-39-19-47-39-66-67-16 CLASS No. 481—TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 1. 49-53-50-53-33-32-37-38-65-69-74-51 apr2-1 A. MOROSO, Sworn Commissioner.

**Boarding.** A FAMILY OF TWO OR THREE PER- sons can obtain Board with a private family residing in a pleasant portion of the western part of the city. Terms moderate. Apply at this office. mch31-3

**A SMALL FAMILY OR SINGLE GEN- tleman** can obtain good Board in a private family; large and pleasant rooms; terms reasonable. Apply to H. E. VICKSON, at Fogarty's Book Depository. apr2-\*

**BOARDING—GOOD BOARD, WITH** comfort for the room, on reasonable terms, at No. 71 Broad street, between King and Meeting streets. feb22

**MRS. WALTER HAVING RENTED** Mrs. Pringle's House, in summerville, for the summer, will open a Boarding House from the first of April. Any person visiting that place will be glad to accommodate. Terms moderate. Refers to Rev. Thomas Porter, Rev. James Elliot, Mr. James H. Wilson, Mrs. E. Doucin, or to Mrs. Lois Walter, No. 79 Cannon street. mch2-wf2moe

**Clothing at Wholesale.** M. N. ROGERS & CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers of MEN'S YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING, 444 and 446 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. W. T. BURGE, (Late Marshall & Burge), Charleston, S. C. feb2-2mo

We offer to the SOUVENIR TRADER this season a very large and ATTRACTIVE STOCK of SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING, at prices as low as any in the Trade furnishing equal grades of Goods. Our Stock is manufactured EXCLUSIVELY for other States, and is more correct in style and more attractive in the appearance than any other stock of clothing manufactured in a stock of clothing manufactured for the trade. Orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed; samples sent on application. M. N. ROGERS & CO., 444 and 446 Broadway, N. Y. feb2-2mo

**OPPORTUNITY SELDOM OFFER-** ed.—To close out the stock of the Supt. and Fixtures formerly occupied by Peter Fridenberg, of Jacksonville, Florida, deceased, is offered for Rent or will be sold on easy terms, together with a portion of the stock. For further information apply to the undersigned. HENRY S. SOLOMON, No. 65 South York City, Jacksonville, Florida. mch3-lmo Executors Estate Peter Fridenberg.

**HORSES, MARES AND PONIES.—JUST** arrived, A. OAKMAN'S stable, Saddle and Harness HORSES and MARES and Small Saddle PONIES. apr2\*

**AIKEN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A** House, with 8 rooms, cellar and outbuildings, on a very extensive lot, and eligibly situated near the city. Price \$10,000. Apply to E. J. C. WOOD Aiken, G. O. or to B. S. D. MCKENFUS, No. 461 King street, Charleston, S. C. apr2-wf2\*

**DELIGHTFUL RESIDENCE ON SOUTH** Bay.—At private sale, that delightful residence known as No. 1 South Bay, situated on the shore of the city. The property is in good order, and can be inspected at any time. This is one of the most desirable and pleasantly located residences in the lower portion of the city. For particulars apply to E. M. MORELAND, Broker, No. 27 Broad street. apr2-\*

**THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER FOR** sale Desirable Building Lots in the City of Greenville, S. C., near the Depot or the Atlanta and Richmond Air Line Railroad. Those desiring to settle in this growing and prosperous city will find it to their interest to address C. O. BIRNIE & CO., Postoffice Box No. 7, Greenville, S. C. mch3-wf3

**TWENTY HEAD OF MULES FOR SALE** low on time; suitable for agricultural or other purposes; at HOOKDALE'S Stable, Columbus street. mch31-4

**MULES! MULES! MULES!** Arrived this morning, twenty cars of large, heavy Turbentine and Timber MULES, the best that has been in the Charleston Market. Also, a fine lot of Horses and Mares, draft, single and double, and light. Price reduced and sale. For sale on time at Kentucky Sale Stables, No. 59 Church street. mch3-lmo SAMBERG & MCCOY.

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## Meetings.

**LANDMARK LODGE, No. 76, A. F. M.** The Regular Monthly Meeting of this Lodge will be held at the Masonic Temple, THIS EVENING, at half-past 7 o'clock. Candidates for the E. Degree will be initiated. The Address List will be read for the second time. T. P. L. WYNDS, Secretary. apr2

**NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.—THE** annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northeastern Railroad Company will be held at the hall of the Planters' and Merchants' Bank, on THIS DAY, the 2d of April, 1873, at 12 o'clock. When an election for a President and six Directors will be made. The Address List will be read for the second time. C. WILLIAMSON, Secretary. mch31-3w1

**PIONEER STEAM FIRE ENGINE COM- PANY OF ALEXANDRIA.** The Regular Monthly Meeting of your Company will be held THIS EVENING, at 7 o'clock, precisely. A full attendance is especially required as business of importance will be transacted. By order, J. W. MCKENRY, Secretary. apr2\*

**YOUNG AMERICAN STEAM FIRE EN- GINE COMPANY.** Attend the Regular Monthly Meeting of your Company, to be held at your Engine House, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, April 2d, at 7 o'clock, precisely. By order, T. S. MCCARREL, Secretary. apr2

**ATTENTION, WAGENER ARTILLERY** CLUB.—Attend Regular Monthly Meeting of your Club at Landstede's Hall THIS EVENING at half-past 7 o'clock, precisely. By order, J. F. LILIENTHAL,